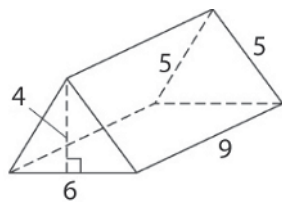


LESSON
15-1

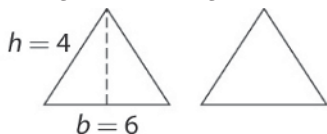
Nets and Surface Area

Reteach

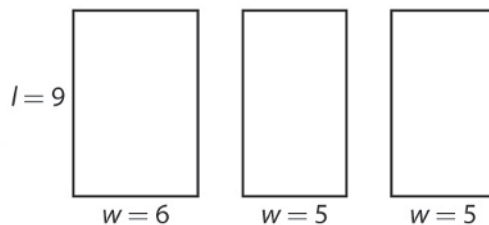


To find the surface area of the regular triangular prism above, first find the area of each face or base.

2 congruent triangular bases



3 rectangular faces



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(6 \cdot 4)$$

$$= 12 \text{ square units}$$

$$A = lw$$

$$= (9 \cdot 6)$$

$$= 54 \text{ square units}$$

$$A = lw$$

$$= (9 \cdot 5)$$

$$= 45 \text{ square units}$$

Then, find the sum of all of the faces of the prism.

$$SA = 12 + 12 + 54 + 45 + 45$$

$$= 168 \text{ square units}$$

The same procedure can be used to find the surface area of a **pyramid**.

The areas of the faces are added to the area of the base to give the total surface area.

Solve each problem.

1. A prism has isosceles triangle bases with leg lengths of 5 inches, 5 inches, and 8 inches, and a height of 3 inches. The distance between the bases is 12 inches. Find the surface area. Show your work.

2. A square pyramid has a base edge of 1 meter. The height of each triangular face is 1 meter. What is the pyramid's surface area? Show your work.
